## MILLENNIUM & COPTHORNE HOTELS PLC TRADING UPDATE

First quarter results to 31 March 2018

LEI: 2138003EQ104LZ1JNH19

#### Highlights for 1<sup>st</sup> quarter 2018:

		R	eported Curre	ency		Constant Curre	ency
	Q1	Q1	Change		Q1	Change	
	2018	2017			2017		
RevPAR	£68.48	£70.66	£(2.18)	(3.1)%	£66.35	£2.13	3.2%
Revenue - total	£217m	£223m	£(6)m	(2.7)%	£210m	£7m	3.3%
Revenue - hotel	£187m	£191m	£(4)m	(2.1)%	£180m	£7m	3.9%
Profit before tax	£26m	£13m	£13m	100.0%	£13m	£13m	100.0%

- Group RevPAR for the first quarter of 2018 fell by 3.1% to £68.48 (Q1 2017: £70.66). In constant currency, RevPAR increased by 3.2%.
- Reported hotel revenue decreased by 2.1% to £187m (Q1 2017: £191m). Exchange loss arising from the stronger pound was £11m and this reduced the Group's reported hotel revenue.
- London performance was affected by the partial closure to-date of the Millennium Hotel London Mayfair during refurbishment, which is normally a significant revenue contributor for the region, together with slower trading at other London hotels.
- In constant currency, hotel revenue increased by 3.9% with higher contributions from Millennium Hilton New York One UN Plaza (re-branded in August 2017) and M Social Auckland (opened in October 2017).
- Total revenue for Q1 2018 fell by £6m or 2.7% to £217m (Q1 2017: £223m), including foreign exchange loss of £13m.
- Profit before tax for the first quarter of 2018 increased by £13m to £26m (Q1 2017: £13m). Included in the Group pre-tax
  profit for this quarter is the gain from the disposal of two Australian hotels that were owned by CDL Hospitality Trusts
  ("CDLHT") of £3m. The Group also benefitted from the higher profit contributions from CDLHT and First Sponsor Group
  Limited ("FSGL"), an associated company, with the total contributions being £3m higher than last year.
- Net finance cost for this quarter was lower than the corresponding period last year, mainly due to the absence of a foreign exchange loss of £4m arising from CDLHT's loan repayment.

Mr Kwek Leng Beng, Chairman commented:

"Performance over the first three months of the year was mixed. London declined and Europe is showing indications of weakness, whilst our Millennium Broadway New York hotel continues to hold back overall trading performance in New York. More positively, Asia showed some signs of a recovery and New Zealand continued to perform well. We are on track to move forward on a number of significant capital investment projects this year, designed to improve returns on Group assets. We also remain alert to acquisition opportunities.

Following the close of the first quarter the Group announced the appointment of Jennifer Fox as Group Chief Executive Officer. Ms Fox, who will join the Group on 19 June 2018, has 30 years of experience in the global hospitality industry and has held senior executive roles in operations, branding and marketing across mid-scale, upscale and luxury segments of the industry."

Enquiries **Millennium & Copthorne Hotels plc** Tan Kian Seng, Interim Group Chief Executive Officer Kok-Kee Chong, Chief Financial Officer Jonathon Grech, Group General Counsel and Company Secretary Peter Krijgsman, Financial Communications (Media)

Tel: +44 (0) 2078722444

### FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE

For the three months ended 31 March 2018, reported revenue decreased by 2.7% to £217m (Q1 2017: £223m). However on a constant currency basis, Group revenue increased by 3.3%. This is due to foreign exchange loss of £13m as a result of the stronger pound against major currencies in Q1 2018 versus to the same period last year.

		Reported Currency			Constant Currency		
	Q1 2018	Q1 2017	C	hange	Q1 2017	Ch	ange
	£m	£m	£m	%	£m	£m	%
Hotel	187	191	(4)	(2.1)	180	7	3.9
Property	14	18	(4)	(22.2)	17	(3)	(17.6)
REIT	16	14	2	14.3	13	3	23.1
Total Revenue	217	223	(6)	(2.7)	210	7	3.3

In constant currency, hotel revenue increased by £7m or 3.9% mainly driven by higher contributions from Millennium Hilton New York One UN Plaza which was re-branded in August 2017, and M Social Auckland which opened in October 2017. However, cost pressures continued to persist in the Group's New York hotels, impacting their profitability.

Property revenue was down by £3m or 17.6% due principally to the lower land sales in New Zealand during this quarter. REIT revenue increased by £3m or 23.1% due to contribution from newly acquired hotels.

#### HOTEL OPERATIONS

For comparability, the following performance review is based on calculations in constant currency whereby 31 March 2017 hotel revenue, RevPAR and average room rates have been translated at average exchange rates for the first three months ended 31 March 2018.

In constant currency, Group RevPAR increased by 3.2% for the first quarter ended 31 March 2018. Occupancy was down by 0.5% points and average room rate increased by 3.9%. On a like-for-like basis, excluding new hotels and those impacted by refurbishment or closures, Group RevPAR increased by 3.5% compared to the same period last year.

	RevPAR				Occupancy	,	Average Room Rate			
Q1 2018	Q1 2018	#Q1 2017	Change	Q1 2018	Q1 2017	Change	Q1 2018	#Q1 2017	Change	
	£	£	%	%	%	%pts	£	£	%	
New York	106.22	99.22	7.1	75.2	72.0	3.2	141.16	137.75	2.5	
Regional US	45.79	44.86	2.1	50.7	52.4	(1.7)	90.39	85.68	5.5	
Total US	65.69	62.76	4.7	58.8	58.8	-	111.80	106.67	4.8	
London	78.72	86.90	(9.4)	69.3	76.4	(7.1)	113.66	113.70	-	
Rest of Europe	47.18	44.88	5.1	64.7	64.2	0.5	72.95	69.85	4.4	
Total Europe	63.35	66.16	(4.2)	67.0	70.4	(3.4)	94.51	93.96	0.6	
Singapore	82.32	81.45	1.1	86.6	87.4	(0.8)	95.01	93.21	1.9	
Rest of Asia	58.74	56.11	4.7	63.0	62.2	0.8	93.22	90.21	3.3	
Total Asia	67.87	65.92	3.0	72.2	71.9	0.3	94.06	91.62	2.7	
Australasia	88.14	79.33	11.1	91.2	90.5	0.7	96.65	87.65	10.3	
Total Group	68.48	66.35	3.2	68.6	69.1	(0.5)	99.80	96.06	3.9	

# In constant currency whereby 31 March 2017 RevPAR and average room rates have been translated at average exchange rates for the first quarter ended 31 March 2018.

#### <u>US</u>

RevPAR for the US region grew by 4.7%, driven principally by the increase in average room rate. New York RevPAR increased by 7.1% after the transfer of management of One UN to Hilton in August 2017 and its re-branding as Millennium Hilton New York One UN Plaza.

Regional US RevPAR grew by 2.1%, contributed mainly by Millennium Biltmore Hotel Los Angeles which had secured business relating to the NBA All-Star event held in February 2018.

#### <u>Europe</u>

Europe RevPAR dropped by 4.2%, with occupancy down by 3.4% points and a small increase of 0.6% in average room rate. London RevPAR decreased by 9.4% mainly due to the refurbishment of the 336-room Millennium Hotel London Mayfair which started in November 2017. Rooms were removed from the inventory and as at 31 March 2018, the hotel was trading based on 159 rooms. RevPAR for the Rest of Europe was up by 5.1%.

Excluding Millennium Hotel London Mayfair and Millennium Hotel Glasgow where 56 rooms were permanently removed from the hotel in connection with the redevelopment of Queen Street Station, Europe RevPAR decreased by 0.3%. On the same basis, RevPAR for London decreased by 3.1% and Rest of Europe increased by 4.3%.

#### <u>Asia</u>

RevPAR for Asia increased by 3.0% driven by 2.7% increase in average room rate and 0.3% points increase in occupancy. Singapore RevPAR was up by 1.1% as a result of a 1.9% increase in average room rate offset by 0.8% points decrease in occupancy.

RevPAR for Rest of Asia grew by 4.7% with average room rate up by 3.3% and occupancy up by 0.8% points. Millennium Seoul Hilton benefited from increased demand during the recent Winter Olympics. Grand Hyatt Taipei also performed better this quarter due to growth in the number of group meetings.

#### <u>Australasia</u>

Australasia RevPAR grew by 11.1% led by a significant contribution from M Social Auckland which opened in October 2017. Excluding M Social Auckland and Millennium New Plymouth which was acquired in February 2018, the increase in RevPAR was 7.8%.

#### Acquisition

On 1 February 2018, the Group acquired The Waterfront Hotel in New Plymouth, New Zealand, for a purchase consideration of NZ\$11m (£6m). The iconic 42-room hotel was re-branded Millennium New Plymouth after the acquisition.

#### Disposal

On 11 January 2018, CDLHT completed the divestment of two hotels in Australia, the Mercure Brisbane and Ibis Brisbane for A\$77m (£44m) and a gain of £3m was recognised by the Group.

#### **Developments**

The construction of a 263-room hotel and a 250-unit residential apartment block on  $35,717m^2$  mixed use freehold landsite at Sunnyvale, California is planned to start this year. The construction cost is now estimated at around US\$200m (£141m) after changes to the earlier design.

The necessary building approvals for the Yangdong development project in Seoul have been obtained, but further review for the most optimal and efficient design is still being carried out before commencing the construction works. The current development cost is estimated to be KRW157b (£103m) for the construction of a 306-room hotel and a 209-unit serviced apartment complex, as previously announced, and will be further updated once the review process is finalised.

#### Hotel refurbishments

The refurbishment work costing around £40m at Millennium Hotel London Mayfair started in November 2017. It is proceeding todate as a phased project whereby guest-rooms are taken out from the inventory in stages. Completion of guest room refurbishment is expected to complete in the fourth quarter, followed by refurbishment of the lobby and public areas.

Refurbishment plans for Millennium Hotel London Knightsbridge are under review. The Group also plans to spend about US\$80m (£56m) to upgrade its New York properties over the next two years.

#### Other Group operations

Joint ventures and associates contributed £5m to pre-tax profit in 2018 (Q1 2017: £4m). The Group has an effective interest of 36% in First Sponsor Group Limited ("FSGL"), which is listed on the Singapore Exchange and reports its results independently.

On 11 January 2018, a partnership comprised of a subsidiary of FSGL together with subsidiaries of CDL and another substantial shareholder of FSGL acquired a 300-room hotel currently operated by a tenant as the "Le Meridien Frankfurt" situated in Frankfurt for €79m (£70m), excluding certain transaction related expenses. On 1 February 2018, FSGL together with four other co-investors acquired all the issued shares of Hotelmaatschappij Rotterdam B.V which owns the 254-room Hilton Rotterdam Hotel in the Netherlands for €51m (£45m). Following the completion of the transaction, FSGL owns 24.7% interest in the acquired company.

In April 2018, the Group subscribed for its full entitlement of FSGL's rights issue of new perpetual convertible capital securities ("PCCS") for a total cost of S\$58.2m (£31m) and the PCCS were allotted on 19 April 2018.

#### **Board changes**

Christian de Charnacé was appointed to the Audit Committee with effect from 23 March 2018. The Audit and Risk Committees are to be amalgamated immediately following the Company's 2018 Annual General Meeting, with the members of the Risk Committee relinquishing their roles at that time. Jennifer Fox has been appointed as the Group Chief Executive Officer and a member of the Board of Directors, and will join the Company on 19 June 2018.

#### **Current trading**

In the first 21 days of trading in April 2018, Group RevPAR in constant currency decreased by 2.8%. RevPAR for London was down by 16.6%, New York down by 2.8%, Regional US down by 3.2%, Singapore down by 6.7%, Rest of Europe up by 9.7%, Rest of Asia up by 0.1% and Australasia up by 10.4%.

Excluding Millennium Hotel Glasgow (116 rooms reduced to 60 rooms from July 2017), M Social Auckland (opened October 2017), Millennium Hotel London Mayfair (refurbishment commenced in November 2017) and Millennium New Plymouth NZ (acquired in February 2018), like-for-like Group RevPAR dropped by 1.3% with London down by 6.3%, Rest of Europe up by 9.3% and Australasia up by 8.0%.

This announcement contains certain statements that are or may be forward-looking with respect to the financial condition, results or operations and business of Millennium & Copthorne Hotels plc. By their nature forward-looking statements involve risk and uncertainty because they relate to events and depend on circumstances that will occur in the future. There are a number of factors that could cause actual results and developments to differ materially from those expressed or implied by such forward-looking statements. Undue reliance should not be placed on forward looking statements which speak only as of the date of this document. The Group accepts no obligation to publicly revise or update these forward-looking statements or adjust them to future events or developments, whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise, except to the extent legally required.

## Condensed consolidated income statement (unaudited) for the three months ended 31 March 2018

	First	First	Full
	Quarter	Quarter	Year
	2018	2017	2017
	Unaudited	Unaudited	Audited
	£m	£m	£m
Revenue	217	223	1,008
Cost of sales	(101)	(105)	(431)
Gross profit	116	118	577
Administrative expenses	(95)	(101)	(415)
Other operating income	3	-	30
Other operating expense	-	-	(47)
Operating profit	24	17	145
Share of profit of joint ventures and associates	5	4	22
Finance income	6	3	11
Finance expense	(9)	(11)	(31)
Net finance expense	(3)	(8)	(20)
Profit before tax	26	13	147
Income tax (expense)/credit	(4)	(2)	12
Profit for the period	22	11	159
Attributable to:			
Equity holders of the parent	8	3	124
Non-controlling interests	14	8	35
¥	22	11	159

The financial results above were derived from continuing activities.

# Condensed consolidated statement of financial position (unaudited) as at 31 March 2018

Total equity	3,153	3,214	3,249
Non-controlling interests	545	508	573
Total equity attributable to equity holders of the parent	2,608	2,706	2,676
Retained earnings	1,316	1,201	1,309
Treasury share reserve	(4)	(4)	(4)
Translation reserve	356	569	431
Share premium	843	843	843
Issued share capital	97	97	97
Equity			
Net assets	3,153	3,214	3,249
Total liabilities	(1,421)	(1,589)	(1,466)
	(408)	(358)	(446)
Income taxes payable	(18)	(31)	(23)
Provisions	(2)	(1)	(2)
Trade and other payables	(202)	(228)	(208)
Interest-bearing loans, bonds and borrowings	(186)	(98)	(213)
Current liabilities			
	(1,013)	(1,231)	(1,020)
Deferred tax liabilities	(182)	(219)	(188)
Other non-current liabilities	(17)	(14)	(13)
Provisions	(9)	(9)	(9)
Employee benefits	(17)	(23)	(19)
Interest-bearing loans, bonds and borrowings	(788)	(966)	(791)
Non-current liabilities			
Total assets	4,574	4,803	4,715
	553	544	582
Assets held for sale	-	-	41
	553	544	541
Cash and cash equivalents	356	354	354
Trade and other receivables	84	93	88
Lease premium prepayment	2	2	2
Development properties	107	90	93
Inventories	4	5	4
Current assets			
•	4,021	4,259	4,133
Investment in joint ventures and associates	321	323	324
Investment properties	565	551	577
Lease premium prepayment	100	108	103
Property, plant and equipment	3,035	3,277	3,129
Non-current assets			
	£m	£m	£m
	Unaudited	Unaudited	Audited
	2018	2017	2017
	31 March	31 March	31 Dec
	As at	As at	As at

### Segment results

					Q1 2018				
	New York £m	Regional US £m	London £m	Rest of Europe £m	Singapore £m	Rest of Asia £m	Australasia £m	Central Costs £m	Total Group £m
Revenue									
Hotel	25	27	22	15	33	40	25	-	187
Property operations	-	1	-	-	1	2	10	-	14
REIT	-	-	-	7	4	4	1	-	16
Total revenue	25	28	22	22	38	46	36	-	217
Hotel gross operating profit/(loss)	(4)	2	8	2	13	13	13	-	47
Hotel fixed charges <sup>1</sup>	(8)	(6)	(6)	(3)	(1)	(8)	(1)	-	(33)
Hotel operating profit/(loss)	(12)	(4)	2	(1)	12	5	12	-	14
Property operating profit	-	1	-	-	-	2	6	-	9
REIT operating profit	-	-	-	3	-	1	1	-	5
Central costs	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(7)	(7)
Other operating income - REIT	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	-	3
Operating profit/(loss)	(12)	(3)	2	2	12	8	22	(7)	24
Share of joint ventures and									
associates profit	-	-	-	-	-	5	-	-	5
Add: Depreciation and amortisation	2	3	1	-	3	5	1	1	16
EBITDA <sup>2</sup>	(10)	-	3	2	15	18	23	(6)	45
Less: Depreciation and amortisation									(16)
Net finance expense									(3)
Profit before tax									26

					Q1 2017				
	New York £m	Regional US £m	London £m	Rest of Europe £m	Singapore £m	Rest of Asia £m	Australasia £m	Central Costs £m	Total Group £m
Revenue									
Hotel	26	29	25	14	33	41	23	-	191
Property operations	-	1	-	-	1	2	14	-	18
REIT	-	-	-	2	4	6	2	-	14
Total revenue	26	30	25	16	38	49	39	-	223
Hotel gross operating profit/(loss)	(5)	2	10	1	14	13	12	-	47
Hotel fixed charges <sup>1</sup>	(8)	(6)	(5)	(2)	(2)	(10)	(1)	-	(34)
Hotel operating profit/(loss)	(13)	(4)	5	(1)	12	3	11	-	13
Property operating profit	-	-	-	-	1	2	6	-	9
REIT operating profit/(loss)	-	-	-	-	(1)	2	2	-	3
Central costs	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(8)	(8)
Operating profit/(loss)	(13)	(4)	5	(1)	12	7	19	(8)	17
Share of joint ventures and									
associates profit	-	-	-	1	-	3	-	-	4
Add: Depreciation and amortisation	2	3	2	1	3	6	1	1	19
EBITDA <sup>2</sup>	(11)	(1)	7	1	15	16	20	(7)	40
Less: Depreciation and amortisation									(19)
Net finance expense									(8)
Profit before tax									13

<sup>1</sup> Hotel fixed charges include depreciation, amortisation of lease premium prepayments, property rent, taxes and insurance, operating lease rentals and management fees. <sup>2</sup> EBITDA is earnings before interest, tax and, depreciation and amortisation.

### APPENDIX 1: KEY OPERATING STATISTICS

for the three months ended 31 March 2018

	Q1 2018	Q1 2017	Q1 2017	FY 2017
Owned or leased hotels*	Reported	Constant	Reported	Reported
	currency	currency	currency	currency
Occupancy (%)				
New York	75.2		72.0	85.3
Regional US	50.7		52.4	60.0
Total US	58.8		58.8	68.3
London	69.3		76.4	83.0
Rest of Europe	64.7		64.2	70.5
Total Europe	67.0		70.4	76.9
Singapore	86.6		87.4	85.6
Rest of Asia	63.0		62.2	66.4
Total Asia	72.2		71.9	73.9
Australasia	91.2		90.5	81.2
Fotal Group	68.6		69.1	73.5
Average Room Rate (£)				
New York	141.16	137.75	154.33	193.18
Regional US	90.39	85.68	96.00	103.23
Total US	111.80	106.67	119.51	140.23
_ondon	113.66	113.70	113.70	132.47
Rest of Europe	72.95	69.85	69.27	76.16
Total Europe	94.51	93.96	93.69	107.15
Singapore	95.01	93.21	97.10	97.91
Rest of Asia	93.22	90.21	94.34	96.93
Total Asia	94.06	91.62	95.64	97.37
Australasia	96.65	87.65	96.20	90.01
Fotal Group	99.80	96.06	102.30	112.68
RevPAR (£)	100.00	00.00		101.0
New York	106.22	99.22	111.16	164.84
Regional US	<u>45.79</u> 65.69	44.86	50.25	61.90
Total US		62.76	70.31	95.79
London	78.72 47.18	86.90	86.90	109.98
Rest of Europe		44.88	44.51	53.66
Total Europe	63.35	66.16	65.97	82.35
Singapore	82.32	81.45	84.84	83.83
Rest of Asia	58.74	56.11	58.68	64.39
Total Asia	67.87	65.92	68.81	71.91
Australasia Fotal Group	88.14	79.33	87.07	73.06
lotal Group	68.48	66.35	70.66	82.78
Gross Operating Profit Margin (%)				
New York	(15.4)		(17.9)	15.1
Regional US	7.4		8.2	21.2
Fotal US	(3.6)		(4.1)	18.0
_ondon Rest of Europe	34.5 12.8		41.3	49.5
Total Europe	25.8		<u>9.2</u> 29.6	<u>22.2</u> 39.6
	40.2		40.8	<u> </u>
Singapore			40.8 30.2	
Rest of Asia Fotal Asia	<u>32.3</u> 35.8		<u> </u>	<u> </u>
Australasia Fotal Group	54.5 25.2		<u>54.2</u> 24.7	<u>49.</u> 32.2

For comparability, the 31 March 2017 Average Room Rate and RevPAR have been translated at average exchange rates for the three months ended 31 March 2018.

\* excluding managed, franchised and investment hotels.

# APPENDIX 2: HOTEL ROOM COUNT AND PIPELINE as at 31 March 2018

		Hotels			Rooms	
Hotel and room count	31 March	31 December	Change	31 March	31 December	Change
	2018	2017		2018	2017	3-
Analyzed by region.						
Analysed by region: New York	4	4		0 000	0.000	
	4	4 15	-	2,238	2,238	-
Regional US	15		-	4,559	4,559	-
London	8	8	-	2,644	2,649	(5)
Rest of Europe	21	21	-	3,528	3,528	-
Middle East	31	31	-	10,346	10,346	-
Singapore	7	7	-	3,011	3,011	-
Rest of Asia	25	25	-	9,236	9,240	(4)
Australasia	24	25	(1)	3,461	3,831	(370)
Total	135	136	(1)	39,023	39,402	(379)
Analysed by ownership type:						
Owned or Leased	67	66	1	19,710	19,672	38
Managed	15	15	-	3,775	4,098	(323)
Franchised	38	38	-	11,300	10,982	318
Investment	15	17	(2)	4,238	4,650	(412)
Total	135	136	(1)	39,023	39,402	(379)
Analysed by brand:						
Grand Millennium	9	9	-	3,733	3,734	(1)
Millennium	53	52	1	17,452	17,415	37
Copthorne	33	33	-	6,469	6,469	-
Kingsgate	7	7	-	671	671	-
Other M&C	15	15	-	4,838	4,838	-
Third Party	18	20	(2)	5,860	6,275	(415)
Total	135	136	(1)	39,023	39,402	(379)

		Hotels			Rooms	
Pipeline	31 March	31 December	Change	31 March	31 December	Change
•	2018	2017		2018	2017	
Analysed by region:						
Middle East	10	10	-	3,239	3,239	-
Asia	5	4	1	1,736	1,594	142
Regional US	1	1	-	263	263	-
Rest of Europe	1	1	-	184	184	-
Australasia	-	1	(1)	-	42	(42)
Total	17	17	-	5,422	5,322	100
Analysed by ownership type: Managed Franchised Owned	4 11 2	3 11 3	1 (1)	1,194 3,423 805	1,052 3,423 847	142 - (42)
Total	17	17	-	5,422	5,322	100
Analysed by brand:						
Grand Millennium	1	1	-	251	251	-
Millennium	9	9	-	2,889	2,789	100
Copthorne	2	2	-	666	666	-
Other M&C	5	5	-	1,616	1,616	-
Total	17	17	-	5,422	5,322	100